

## Exercise n°5 : Minimization under (equality and) inequality constraints

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### Exercise 1 :

One considers the following minimization problem in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  :

$$\inf f_a(x_1, x_2) = x_1^2 + ax_2^2 + x_1x_2 + x_1 \text{ under the constraint } x_1 + x_2 - 1 \leq 0. \quad (1)$$

- 1.1. For which values of  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ , the function  $f_a$  is convex ?
- 1.2. For these values of  $a$ , can we apply the Kuhn-Tucker theorem ? If yes, write the Kuhn-Tucker relations.
- 1.3. Solve then problem (1) according to the values of  $a$ .

### Exercise 2 :

Let  $C$  be the set of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  defined by  $C = \{(x, y)/x + y \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0\}$ , and  $f$  the function of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  to  $\mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x, y) = -x - 2y - xy + x^2 + y^2$ .

- 2.1. Is  $f$  convex ? concave ?
- 2.2. Is  $C$  open ? closed ? convex ? is it an affine sub-space ?
- 2.3. One wants to minimize  $f$  on  $C$ . Prove that each minimum (including the local minima) is located on the boundary of  $C$ .
- 2.4. Determine the minima of  $f$  on  $C$  (with the help of Kuhn-Tucker, or directly by using question 2.3).

### Exercise 3 :

Let the following problem :

$$\min \frac{1}{2}(x_1 - 1)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(x_2 - 2)^2 \text{ under the constraints } x_1 - x_2 = 1, x_1 + x_2 \leq 2, x_1 \geq 0 \text{ and } x_2 \geq 0. \quad (2)$$

- 3.1. Prove that problem (2) has a unique solution.
- 3.2. Solve problem (2) with the help of Lagrange multipliers.