

Ex 14

$$2) a) M = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad I_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M(1) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} L_1 \\ L_2 \\ L_3 \end{matrix} \quad E(1) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M(2) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} L_1 \\ L_2 - \frac{1}{2} L_1 \\ L_3 \end{matrix} \quad E(2) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M(3) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} L_1 \\ L_2' \\ L_3 + \frac{1}{2} L_1 \end{matrix} \quad E(3) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M(4) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} L_1' = L_1/2 \\ L_2'' = L_2' \times (-1) \\ L_3' = L_3/2 \end{matrix} \quad E(4) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Il ya des 1 partout sur la <sup>1<sup>ere</sup></sup> diagonale, la matrice est donc inversible.

$$M(5) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} L_1' \\ L_2'' + L_3' \\ L_3' \end{matrix} \quad E(5) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M(G) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E(G) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = E(G) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$