# Moment categories and operads 

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Higher Homotopical Structures
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(1) Introduction
(2) Moment categories
(3) Hypermoment categories

4 Plus construction
(5) Monadicity

## Summary (active/inert factorisation system)

Related concepts (replacing "inert part" with $\rightsquigarrow$ )
Operator category (Barwick $\rightsquigarrow$ pullback structure)
Operadic category (Batanin-Markl $\rightsquigarrow$ fibre structure)
Feynman category (Kaufmann-Ward $\rightsquigarrow$ sym. monoidal structure)
Categorical pattern (Chu-Haugseng $\rightsquigarrow \infty$-categorical context)

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## moments <br> $\underset{\sim}{m e n t s}$ moment category <br> $\stackrel{\text { units }}{\rightsquigarrow}$ operad-type <br> plus <br> Segal presheaf

| $\mathbb{C}$ | $\mathbb{C}$-operad | $\mathbb{C}$-monoid | $\mathbb{C}_{\infty}$-monoid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\Gamma$ | sym. operad | comm. monoid | $E_{\infty}$-space |
| $\Delta$ | non-sym. operad | assoc. monoid | $A_{\infty}$-space |
| $\Theta_{n}$ | $n$-operad | $n$-monoid | $E_{n}$-space |
| $\Omega$ | tree-hyperoperad | sym. operad | $\infty$-operad |
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## Definition (moment category)

A moment category is a category $\mathbb{C}$ with an active/inert factorisation system $\left(\mathbb{C}_{\text {act }}, \mathbb{C}_{\text {in }}\right)$ such that
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where $r, r^{\prime}$ are the active retractions of $i, i^{\prime}$ provided by (1).

## Lemma (inert subobjects vs moments)

For each object $A$ of a moment category $\mathbb{C}$ there is a bijection between inert subobjects of $A$ and moments of $A$, i.e. endomorphisms $\phi: A \rightarrow A$ sth. $\phi=\phi_{\text {in }} \phi_{\text {act }} \Longrightarrow \phi_{\text {act }} \phi_{\text {in }}=1_{A}$.


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Put $m_{A}=\left\{\phi \in \mathbb{C}(A, A) \mid \phi_{\text {act }} \phi_{\text {in }}=1_{A}\right\}$
For $f: A \rightarrow B$ define $f_{*}: m_{A} \rightarrow m_{B}$ by


## Proposition (left regular band - skew-commutativity)

The moment set $m_{A}$ is a submonoid of $\mathbb{C}(A, A)$ consisting of idempotent elements satisfying the relation $\phi \psi \phi=\phi \psi$.

## Example (Segal's category $\Gamma \rightsquigarrow \Gamma \mathrm{Op}=$ finite sets and partial maps)

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- $\underline{m} \xrightarrow{\left(\underline{n}_{1}, \ldots, n_{m}\right)} \underline{n}$ active provided $\underline{n}_{1} \cup \cdots \cup \underline{n}_{m}=\underline{n}$. (partition)
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- $[m] \xrightarrow{f}[n]$ is active provided $f$ is endpoint-preserving, i.e. $f(0)=0, f(m)=n$.
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Definition（units，elementary moments，nilobjects）
－A moment $\phi$ is centric if $\phi_{\text {in }}$ is the only inert section of $\phi_{\text {act }}$ ．
－A unit is an object $U$ sth． $1_{U}$ is the only centric moment but $m_{U} \neq\left\{1_{U}\right\}$ ，and every active map with target $U$ admits exactly one inert section．
－A moment is elementary if it splits over a unit．The set of elementary moments of $A$ is denoted $\mathrm{el}_{A} \subset m_{A}$ ．
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- $\underline{0}$ is the nilobject, and $\underline{1}$ the unit of Г. Elementary inert subobjects $\underline{1}>\underline{n}$ are elements. Cardinality of $\mathrm{el}_{\underline{n}}$ is $n$.
- [0] is the nilobject, and [1] the unit of $\Delta$. Elementary inert subobjects $[1]>[n]$ are segments. Cardinality of $\mathrm{el}_{[n]}$ is $n$.


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A $\mathbb{C}$-operad $\mathcal{O}$ in a symmetric monoidal category $\left(\mathbb{E}, \otimes, I_{\mathbb{E}}\right)$ assigns to each object $A$ of $\mathbb{C}$ an object $\mathcal{O}(A)$ of $\mathbb{E}$, together with

- a unit $\mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{E}} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(U)$ in $\mathbb{E}$ for each unit $U$ of $\mathbb{C}$;
- a unital, associative and equivariant composition $\mathcal{O}(A) \otimes \mathcal{O}(f) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(B)$ for each active $f: A \rightarrow B$, where $\mathcal{O}(f)=\otimes_{\alpha \in \mathrm{el}_{A}} \mathcal{O}\left(B_{f_{*}(\alpha)}\right)$.


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## Definition (unital moment categories)

For every object $A, \mathrm{el}_{A}$ has finite cardinality and receives an essentially unique active morphism $U_{A} \rightarrow A$ from a unit.

## Proposition (universal role of 「)

For every unital moment category $\mathbb{C}$ there is an essentially unique
cardinality preserving moment functor

Definition (wreath product of unital moment categories $\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}$ )

Proposition
Joval's category $\Theta_{n}$ is an iterated wreath product $\Delta ? \cdots 2 \Delta$
$\Theta_{n}$-operads are Batanin's $(n-1)$-terminal $n$-operads.

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## Proposition

Joyal's category $\Theta_{n}$ is an iterated wreath product $\Delta \imath \cdots \imath \Delta$. $\Theta_{n}$-operads are Batanin's ( $n-1$ )-terminal $n$-operads.

## Remark (moment category structure on $\Theta_{n}$ )

- Objects of $\Theta_{n}$ correspond to $n$-level trees.
- There is a unique unit $U_{n}$, the linear tree of height $n$.
- $\sim_{O_{n}}: \Theta_{n} \rightarrow \Gamma$ takes $n$-level tree to its set of height $n$ vertices.
- Active maps $S \longrightarrow T$ correspond to Batanin's $S_{*}$-indexed decompositions of $T_{*}$, where $T_{*}$ is the $n$-graph defined by the inert subobjects of $T$ whose domains are subobjects of $U_{n}$.


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## Definition ( $\mathbb{C}$-monoids for $\mathbb{C}$ with single rigid unit $U$ )

- $\mathcal{E}_{X}(A)=\operatorname{hom}_{\mathbb{E}}\left(X^{\otimes \mathrm{el}_{A}}, X\right)$ (endomorphism- $\mathbb{C}$-operad of $X$ ).
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## Lemma (presheaf presentation for closed symmetric monoidal $\mathbb{E}$ )

$\mathbb{C}$-monoids are presheaves $X: \mathbb{C}_{\text {act }}^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathbb{E}$ such that

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Moment categories and operads
Hypermoment categories

## Definition (hypermoment category)

A hypermoment category $\mathbb{C}$ comes equipped with an active/inert factorisation system and $\gamma_{\mathbb{C}}: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \Gamma$ such that

## Example (dendroidal category $\Omega$ of Moerdijk-Weiss)

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- objects (dendrices) are finite rooted trees with leaves.
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- $\Omega / \Gamma_{\uparrow}$-operads=tree/graph-hyperoperads (Getzler-Kapranov)
- $\Omega / \Gamma_{\uparrow}$-monoids=symmetric operads/properads (Vallette)


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Moment categories and operads
Plus construction

## Definition（plus construction for unital hypermoment categories $\mathbb{C}$ ）

## Theorem（cf．Baez－Dolan）

$\mathbb{C}^{+}$is a unital hypermoment category such that $\mathbb{C}$－operads get identified with $\mathbb{C}^{+}$－monoids．

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- A $\mathbb{C}$-tree $\left([m], A_{0} \longrightarrow \cdots \rightarrow A_{m}\right)$ consists of $[m]$ in $\Delta$ and a functor $A_{\bullet}:[m] \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_{\text {act }}$ such that $A_{0}$ is a unit in $\mathbb{C}$.
- A $\mathbb{C}$-tree morphism $(\phi, f)$ consists of $\phi:[m\rceil \rightarrow[n]$ and a nat. transf. $f: A \rightarrow B \phi$ sth. $f_{i}: A_{i} \rightarrow B_{\phi(i)}$ is inert for $i \in[m]$.
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## Definition（extensionality）

A hypermoment category $\mathbb{C}$ is extensional if pushouts of inert maps along active maps exist，are inert and preserved by $\gamma_{\mathbb{C}}$ ．

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$\mathbb{C}$－trees can be inserted into vertices of $\mathbb{C}$－trees．There exists a Feynman category $\mathcal{F}_{\mathbb{C}}$ such that $(\mathbb{C}$－operads $) \simeq\left(\mathcal{F}_{\mathbb{C}}\right.$－algebras $)$ ．

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The forgetful functor from $\mathbb{C}$－operads to $\mathbb{C}$－collections is monadic．

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Thanks for your attention!


[^0]:    Related concepts (replacing "inert part" with $\rightsquigarrow$ )
    Operator category (Barwick $\leadsto \rightarrow$ pullback structure)
    Operadic category (Batanin-Mark| $\rightsquigarrow$ fibre structure)
    Feynman category (Kaufmann-Ward $\rightsquigarrow$ sym. monoidal structure)
    Categorical pattern (Chu-Haugseng $\rightsquigarrow \infty$-categorical context)

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