

## EXERCISES 1

### GAUSSIAN VECTORS

In all the exercises,  $(\Omega, \mathcal{A}, \mathbb{P})$  denotes the current probability space.

#### 1. LINEARITY, CHARACTERISTIC FUNCTION

**Exercise 1.** Show that the moments of a random variable  $X$  of Gaussian law  $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  are given by

$$\forall n \geq 0, \mathbb{E}(X^{2n}) = \frac{(2n)!}{2^n n!}, \mathbb{E}(X^{2n+1}) = 0.$$

Hint: Use the characteristic function of  $X$ .

**Exercise 2.** Let  $m = (m_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n} \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $K = (K_{i,j})_{1 \leq i,j \leq n}$  be a non-negative symmetric matrix. What is the law of  $m + K^{1/2}(X_1, \dots, X_n)^t$ , where  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  are  $n$  I.I.D. random variables of  $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  law?

**Exercise 3.** Let  $(X_1, \dots, X_n)$  be a Gaussian vector and  $(i_1, \dots, i_m) \in \{1, \dots, n\}^m$ . What we can say about the law of  $(X_{i_1}, \dots, X_{i_m})$ ?

**Exercise 4.** Let  $X$  be an  $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  r.v. and  $Z$  be a uniformly distributed r.v. on  $\{-1, 1\}$ , independent of  $X$ .

- (1) Show that  $ZX$  is Gaussian.
- (2) Considering  $X + ZX$ , show that the pair  $(X, ZX)$  isn't Gaussian.
- (3) Prove that  $X$  and  $ZX$  aren't independent, but that their covariance is zero.

**Exercise 5.** Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be  $n$  Gaussian independant r.v. Check that the sum  $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i$  is a Gaussian r.v., whose mean and variance are respectively given by the sum of the means and the sum of the variances of the  $(X_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n}$ .

**Exercise 6.** Let  $(X_1, \dots, X_n)$  be a Gaussian random vector with mean  $m = (m_j)_{1 \leq j \leq n}$  and covariance matrix  $K = (K_{j,k})_{1 \leq j,k \leq n}$ .

- (1) For some  $(t_j)_{1 \leq j \leq n} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ , what is the law of  $\sum_{j=1}^n t_j X_j$ ?
- (2) Deduce that

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\exp\left(i \sum_{j=1}^n t_j X_j\right)\right] = \exp\left(i \sum_{j=1}^n t_j m_j - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j,k=1}^n t_j K_{j,k} t_k\right).$$

- (3) What can we say about two Gaussian vectors with the same mean and the same covariance?

#### 2. INDEPENDENCE

**Exercise 7.** Let  $(X_1, \dots, X_m)$  and  $(Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$  be two Gaussian vectors such that **the vector  $(X_1, \dots, X_m, Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$  is Gaussian**. Show that  $(X_1, \dots, X_m)$  and  $(Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$  are independent

if and only if the covariance matrix of  $(X_1, \dots, X_m, Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$  is diagonal by block, i.e. has the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \dots & \dots & \times & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \times & \dots & \dots & \times & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \times & \dots & \dots & \times & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & \dots & \dots & 0 & \times & \dots & \times \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & \dots & 0 & \times & \dots & \times \end{pmatrix}.$$

**Exercise 8.** Let  $(X_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n}$ ,  $n \geq 2$ , be  $n$  independent and identically distributed r.v. of Gaussian law  $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$ . Prove that the r.v.  $\bar{X}_n = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$  and  $\max_{1 \leq i \leq n} X_i - \min_{1 \leq i \leq n} X_i$  are independent.

Hint: Consider the vector  $(\bar{X}_n, X_1 - \bar{X}_n, \dots, X_n - \bar{X}_n)^t$ .

**Exercise 9.** Let  $(X_n)_{n \geq 1}$  be a sequence of I.I.D. r.v. of Gaussian law  $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$ . We set:

$$B_0 = 0, \quad \forall n \geq 1, \quad B_n = \sum_{k=1}^n X_k.$$

(1) Give the covariance matrix of  $(B_1, \dots, B_n)$  as well as its probability density (if exists).

(2) For  $1 \leq m \leq n$ , set  $Z_m = B_m - (m/n)B_n$ . Prove that  $Z_m$  and  $B_n$  are independent.

(Above, the first diagonal block is of size  $m \times m$  and the second one of size  $n \times n$ .)